



NATURAL HEALTH PRODUCT

CINNAMON – *CINNAMOMUM VERUM*

This monograph is intended to serve as a guide to industry for the preparation of Product Licence Applications (PLAs) and labels for natural health product market authorization. It is not intended to be a comprehensive review of the medicinal ingredient.

Notes

- ▶ Text in parentheses is additional optional information which can be included on the PLA and product label at the applicant’s discretion.
- ▶ The solidus (/) indicates that the terms and/or statements are synonymous. Either term or statement may be selected by the applicant.

Date

December 18, 2018

Proper name(s), Common name(s), Source material(s)

Table 1. Proper name(s), Common name(s), Source material(s)

Proper name(s)	Common name(s)	Source material(s)		
		Proper name(s)	Part(s)	Preparation(s)
<i>Cinnamomum verum</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Ceylon cinnamon ▶ Cinnamon ▶ True cinnamon ▶ Tvak 	<i>Cinnamomum verum</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Branch bark ▶ Shoot bark 	Dried

References: Proper name: USDA 2018, Blumenthal et al. 2000, McGuffin et al. 2000; Common names: USDA 2018, ITIS 2018, O’Neil 2013, BHC 2006, API 2001, Blumenthal et al. 2000, McGuffin et al. 2000; Source materials: API 2001, Blumenthal et al. 2000, 1998.

Route of administration

Oral

Dosage form(s)

This monograph excludes foods or food-like dosage forms as indicated in the Compendium of Monographs Guidance Document.

Acceptable dosage forms for the age category listed in this monograph and specified route of administration are indicated in the Compendium of Monographs Guidance Document.



Use(s) or Purpose(s)

- ▶ Source of/Provides antioxidants (Gruenwald et al. 2010; Roussel et al. 2009; Halvorsen et al. 2006; Shan et al. 2005).
- ▶ (Traditionally) used in Ayurveda for bowel complaints such as indigestion, flatulence, diarrhea and vomiting (Paranjpe 2005; Kapoor 2001).
- ▶ (Traditionally) used in Herbal Medicine for digestive disturbances/digestive complaints such as mild spasms/cramps of the gastrointestinal tract/gastrointestinal colic, feeling of repletion/bloating, and flatulence/carminative (Godfrey et al. 2010; BHC 2006; Wichtl 2004; Blumenthal et al. 2000, 1998).
- ▶ (Traditionally) used in Herbal Medicine for loss of appetite (BHC 2006; Wichtl 2004; Blumenthal et al. 2000, 1998).

Note

Claims for traditional use must include the term “Herbal Medicine”, “Traditional Chinese Medicine”, or “Ayurveda”.

Dose(s)

Subpopulation(s)

Adults 18 years and older

Quantity(ies)

Antioxidant

Methods of preparation: Powder, Non-standardized Extracts (Dry extract, Tincture, Fluid extract, Decoction, Infusion)

Not to exceed 4 grams of dried bark, per day (BHC 2006; Wichtl 2004; Blumenthal et al. 2000).

Digestive disturbances (Herbal Medicine); Appetite loss (Herbal Medicine)

Methods of preparation: Powder, Non-standardized Extracts (Dry extract, Tincture, Fluid extract, Decoction, Infusion)

0.5 - 1.3 gram of dried bark, 3 times per day (BHC 2006; Wichtl 2004; Blumenthal et al. 2000).

Bowel complaints (Ayurveda)

Methods of preparation: Powder, Non-standardized Ethanolic Extracts (Dry extract, Tincture, Fluid extract)

0.2 - 1 gram of dried bark, 3 times per day (API 2001; Kapoor 2001).



Direction(s) for use

Appetite loss (Herbal Medicine)

Take 30 minutes before meals.

Digestive disturbances (Herbal Medicine)

Take after meals (Wichtl 2004).

Duration(s) of use

No statement required.

Risk information

Caution(s) and warning(s)

All products

Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician prior to use if you are breastfeeding or have diabetes (NS 2018; Brinker 2010; Blumenthal et al. 2000; WHO 1999).

All products except antioxidants

Consult a health care practitioner/health care provider/health care professional/doctor/physician if symptoms persist or worsen.

Contraindication(s)

Do not use this product if you are pregnant (Brinker 2010; BHC 2006; Blumenthal 2000, 1998).

Known adverse reaction(s)

No statement required.

Non-medicinal ingredients

Must be chosen from the current Natural Health Products Ingredients Database (NHPID) and must meet the limitations outlined in the database.



Storage conditions

No statement required.

Specifications

- ▶ The finished product specifications must be established in accordance with the requirements described in the Natural and Non-prescription Health Products Directorate (NNHPD) Quality of Natural Health Products Guide.
- ▶ The medicinal ingredient must comply with the requirements outlined in the NHPID.

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